



BOTTESFORD PARISH COUNCIL

Serving the People of Bottesford, Muston, Easthorpe and Normanton

Data Breach Policy

Readopted at Bottesford Parish Council meeting on 13th May 2024

Minute Reference: 127/24

Date for Review: May 2025

GDPR defines a personal data breach as “a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosures of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed”. Examples include:

- Access by an unauthorised third party
- Deliberate or accidental action (or inaction) by a controller or processor
- Sending personal data to an incorrect recipient
- Computing devices containing personal data being lost or stolen
- Alteration of personal data without permission
- Loss of availability of personal data

Bottesford Parish Council takes the security of personal data seriously.

Computers are password protected and hard copy files are kept in locked cabinets.

Consequences of a personal data breach

A breach of personal data may result in a loss of control of personal data, discrimination, identity theft or fraud, financial loss, damage to reputation, loss of confidentiality of personal data, damage to property or social disadvantage. Therefore, a breach, depending on the circumstances of the breach, can have a range of effects on individuals.

Bottesford Parish Council’s duty to report a breach

If the data breach is likely to result in a risk to the rights and freedom of the individual, the breach must be reported to the individual and ICO without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of the breach. When notifying the ICO of a breach, Bottesford Parish Council must:

- i. Describe the nature of the breach including the categories and approximate number of data subjects concerned and the categories and approximate number of personal data record concerned.
- ii. Describe the likely consequences of the breach.
- iii. Describe the measures taken or proposed to be taken to address the personal data breach including, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.

When notifying the individual affected by the breach, Bottesford Parish Council must provide the individual with (ii)-(iii) above.

Bottesford Parish Council would not need to communicate with an individual if the following applies:

- It has implemented appropriate technical and organisational measures (ie encryption) so those measures have rendered the personal data unintelligible to any person not authorised to access it;

- It has taken subsequent measures to ensure that the high risk to rights and freedoms of individuals is no longer likely to materialise, or
- It would involve a disproportionate effort.

However, the ICO must still be informed even if the above measures are in place.

Data Processors duty to inform Bottesford Parish Council

If a data processor becomes aware of a personal data breach, it must notify Bottesford Parish Council without undue delay. It is then Bottesford Parish Council's responsibility to inform the ICO, it is not the data processors responsibility to notify the ICO.

Records of data breaches

All data breaches must be recorded whether they are reported to individuals or not.

This record will help to identify system failures and should be used as a way to improve the security of personal data.

Record of Data Breaches

Date of Breach	Type of Breach	Number of individuals affected	Date reported to ICO/individual	Actions to prevent breach recurring

To report a data breach, use the ICO online system:

<https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/report-a-breach/>